

# IJMB Islamic Religious Studies (IRS) - Compiled Questions

## Questions

1. Discuss the significance of the Hijrah in Islamic history.
2. Explain the concept of Tawheed and its types.
3. What are the six articles of faith in Islam?
4. Describe the pillars of Islam and their relevance.
5. Analyze the importance of Zakat in a Muslim society.
6. Describe the major events of the Prophet's life in Makkah.
7. What is the difference between Sunnah and Hadith?
8. Explain the role of the Qur'an in the daily life of a Muslim.
9. Outline the contributions of Uthman bn Affan to Islam.
10. Discuss Islamic perspectives on justice and equality.

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## Answers

1. The Hijrah marks the migration of Prophet Muhammad (SAW) from Makkah to Madinah in 622 CE. It signifies the beginning of the Islamic calendar and the transition from persecution to the establishment of a Muslim state.
2. Tawheed is the belief in the oneness of Allah. It has three types: Tawheed ar-Rububiyah (Lordship), Tawheed al-Uluhiyyah (Worship), and Tawheed al-Asma wa-Sifaat (Names and Attributes).
3. The six articles of faith are: belief in Allah, His Angels, His Books, His Messengers, the Day of Judgment, and Qadar (Divine Decree).
4. The five pillars are: Shahadah (faith), Salah (prayer), Zakat (charity), Sawm (fasting in Ramadan), and Hajj (pilgrimage). They form the foundation of Islamic practice.
5. Zakat purifies wealth and supports the needy. It reduces inequality and strengthens community ties by redistributing resources.
6. In Makkah, the Prophet faced opposition, persecution, and attempted assassination. He preached monotheism and moral conduct, gaining few followers.
7. Hadith refers to reports of the Prophet's sayings and actions. Sunnah is the practical example of his life. Hadiths document the Sunnah.
8. The Qur'an guides Muslims in worship, morality, social justice, law, and personal development. It is recited in prayer and memorized for spiritual reward.
9. Uthman (RA) compiled the Qur'an into one official version. He was the third Caliph and expanded the Islamic empire. He was known for generosity.
10. Islam promotes justice and equality regardless of race or status. The Qur'an and Hadith stress fairness in all dealings and rights for all humans.